



Sector Rotation: April						
Technology	XLK					
Health Care	XLV					
Consumer Staples	XLP					

Notable Breadth Data:						
SPX >50MA	39.21%					
SPX >200MA	21.19%					
Nasdaq >50MA	64.08%					
Nasdaq >200MA	45.63%					

Fixed Income Rotatio	n: Q2
Emerging Mkt Sovereign	PCY
Convertible Bond	CWB

Index & Sector							
Adaptive Trend							
	Up	Down					
	Trend	Trend					
SPX		X					
QQQ	Х						
XLF		Х					
XLY		Х					
XLK		Х					
XLV		Х					
XLU		Х					
XLP		Х					
XLI		Х					
XLRE		Х					
XLE		Х					
XLB		Х					

Daily Sentiment Index							
	% Bullish	5-day MA					
S&P 500	45%	44%					
Nasdaq 100	51%	49%					
Nikkei	64%	57%					
VIX	52%	56%					
10yr Treasury	71%	66%					
5yr Treasury	65%	64%					
CRB Index	30%	18%					
Gold	78%	70%					
U.S. Dollar	73%	71%					
*Green<25%	Red>80%						

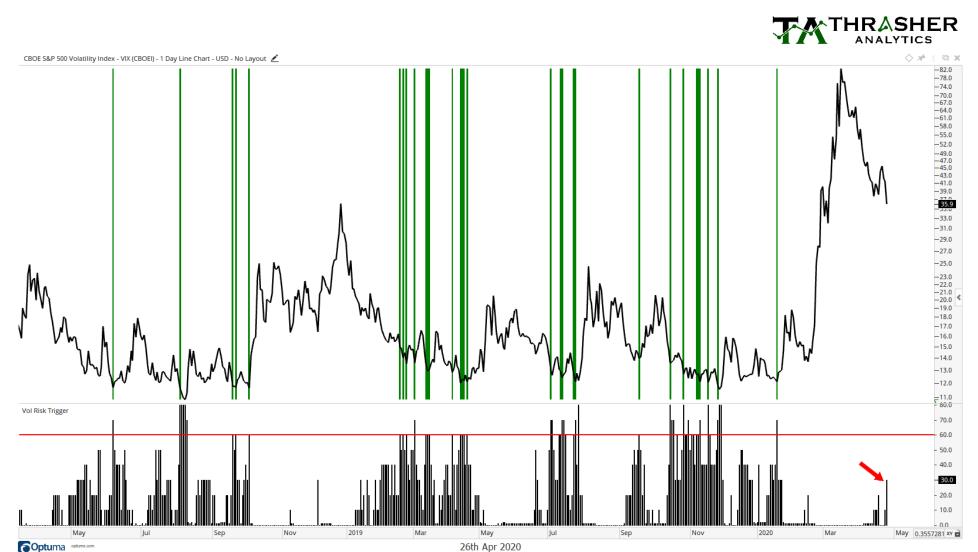


Day - Watch List - No Layout

Sector	> 50MA	> 200MA	1wk Perf 🐱	1mo Perf	3mo Perf	12mo Perf
SPDR Energy Select Sector Fund ETF	False	False	1.97%	26.58%	-38.86%	-48.56%
SPDR Communication Services Select Sector ETF	True	False	0.52%	13.69%	-12.62%	-2.29%
SPDR Health Care Select Sector Fund ETF	True	True	-0.49%	24.79%	-2.12%	14.97%
SPDR Consumer Discretionary Select Sector Fund ETF	True	False	-0.6%	17.24%	-10.88%	-6.73%
SPDR Technology Select Sector Fund ETF	True	True	-0.71%	14.20%	-9.03%	12.36%
SPDR Materials Select Sector Fund ETF	True	False	-0.8%	16.33%	-16.54%	-13.03%
S & P 500 Stock Index	True	False	-1.32%	15.91%	-13.92%	-3.09%
SPDR Industrial Select Sector Fund ETF	False	False	-2.42%	12.07%	-26.31%	-21.59%
SPDR Financial Select Sector Fund ETF	False	False	-2.9%	9.52%	-28.46%	-20.66%
SPDR Consumer Staples Select Sector Fund ETF	True	False	-2.96%	14.87%	-7.67%	3.31%
SPDR Utilities Select Sector Fund ETF	False	False	-3.65%	17.20%	-14.69%	0.95%
SPDR Real Estate Select Sector Fund ETF	False	False	-4.23%	19.51%	-17.28%	-7.57%







You may be surprised to see that the VRT has begun to rise again, even though spot VIX is still north of 35! Now it's important to recognize that the Volatility Risk Trigger is still well off the required threshold (red line) but it's now at its highest reading since the prior signal in January. It last crept up like this at the higher-low in February before we saw volatility explode higher. As I mentioned in my last note and wrote a public blog post last week, historically volatility needs to drop below its 30% tile to give confidence volatility as truly subsided and equities can trend higher. We finished the week with VIX at its 34% tile with 3-month vol at 40% tile, suggesting there's still some concern with long-term volatility than for shorter-term volatility based on the current move lower in the vol complex. The 30day-3month portion of the vol curve has moved back into contango, a result of that floor under long-dated volatility expectations and the increase in bullish sentiment for front-month volatility, expecting it to continue to come down as it's done over the last two weeks.

BROAD MARKET COMMENTARY





The title of my last full-length letter was "Make it Break it" and that still seems to be the theme today, with SPX holding right around a confluence of important price levels and momentum still hanging out under the upper-end of a bearish range. Last week we cleared the 50% retracement level and squeezed above the 50-day Moving Average on Friday. We hit the Dec. '18 VWAP once and moved lower, so that's going to be a key level if we do see further upside in equities. And of course we are still under the 200-day MA, which has been resistance several times on previous counter-trend rallies in prior bear markets, so we don't want to loose focus of that level. Daily Sentiment Index (DSI) for S&P 500 and Nasdaq 100 have been weakening slightly with DSI for the VIX not making a lower-low with the index—you can check out those specific charts later in the letter. This will be a big news week with earnings from Alphabet, Starbucks, UPS, Southwest, Tesla, Boeing, McDonald's Amazon, Apple, ExxonMobil, eBay, Teladoc, Visa, Yum! And Microsoft all reporting this week. Adding to the list of potential catalysts we get the first look at GDP for Q1 and the FOMC announce this week as well. The last two weeks have been fairly benign and boring but this week has plenty of possible matches to light the fireworks to get price moving again.





The Risk Appetite Index (RAI) has continued to move higher after bottoming with price in March. I'll want to continue to see the RAI move in-line with the S&P 500 going forward. However, as I'll be showing in the next chart, there's several key ratios that aren't showing such positive confirmation.



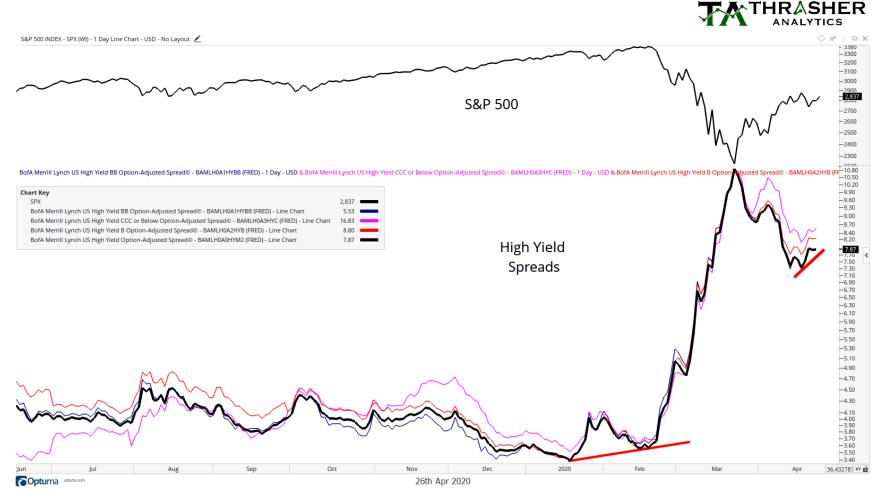


The chart to the left shows four important (in my opinion) ratios for evaluating risk appetite. Each currently looks pretty lousy in terms of confirming the latest leg up in equity prices. Equal weight, high beta, and small caps all have shown relatively little strength relative to the S&P 500. I'll be looking at high yield a little more closely later in the letter.

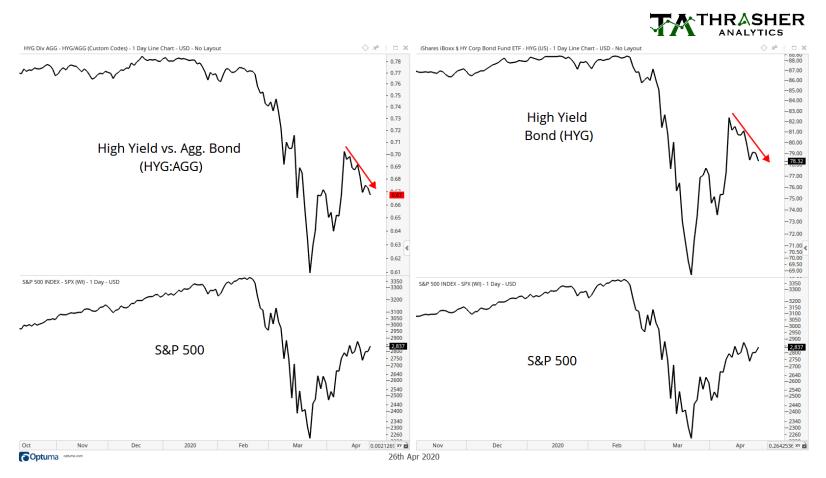
If traders were more bullish in taking on risk, you'd expect (and history would confirm) that small caps and high beta stocks would be doing well right now. But they aren't. Three of the four ratios sit just off their March lows.

www.ThrasherAnalytics.com



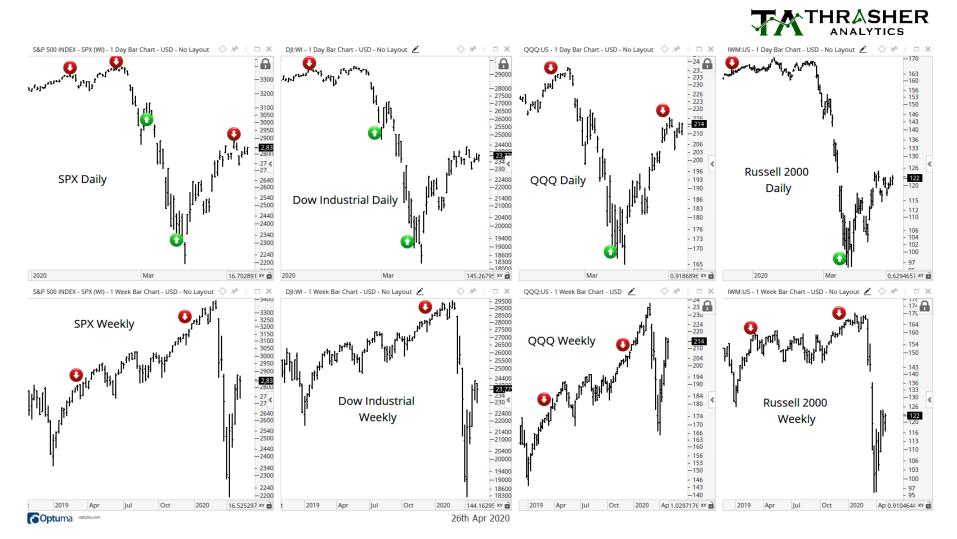


With the financial stress being felt by corporate America due to the Coronavirus economic lockdown, We've already had several reports of retailers under duress with Neiman Marcus announcing a bankruptcy and several others warning they may run out of cash soon. With that, I keep a close eye on the high yield bond spreads to evaluate how the fixed income market is feeling towards these high yield bond issuers. Coming into the February SPX high, we had a higher low in several of the HY bond spreads, which then exploded higher as the market crashed. Then we saw equities bottom and spreads began to come back in, a positive sign from the fixed income corner of the market. But recently spreads have begun to widen again, potentially due to the crash in oil prices. While the turn higher in spreads is still fairly small, if they continue to widen this week, even if equities strength, that's a bad sign that more pain could be in store for corporate America.



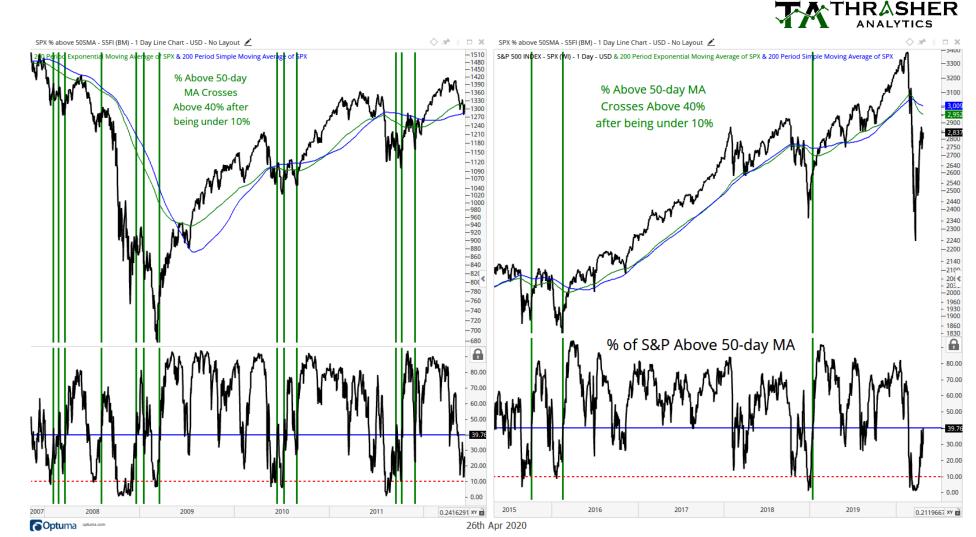
Sticking with the high yield bond market, the HY Bond ETF (HYG) has also broken down relative to Aggregate Bond and its own price action. It's unusual to see such a large move lower in HY bond prices when equities have held up firm. Something appears to be going on in fixed income land, and the bond market can often be the tail that wags to the dog, this will be an important market to watch this week.





Tom Demark created a set of unique indicators, one of which is called the TD Buy & Sell Setups, which is a price pattern over nine bars and can be used to signify price exhaustion. I'll be including the above chart occasionally in this letter as developments occur. The red and green arrows signify when a Demark Buy (green) or Sell (red) Setup pattern is completed on either a daily or weekly chart of one of the primary equity indices (S&P 500, Dow Jones Industrial, Nasdaq 11, and Russell 2000).





Over the next two pages I'll be showing a study on the percentage of S&P 500 stocks trading above their respective 50-day moving average. Currently, we have 39% of stocks above their intermediate-term moving average, a nice improvement from less than 10% less than a month ago. But is this enough? Not quite. The above green lines show when we've gone from less than 10% to over 40%. On the right is a chart of 2008-2011, notice this occurred several times during the '08 bear market, with the market stopping at the 200-day MA and also in 200 and 2011. The right chart shows 2015 to current. In 2015 we saw a move above 40% and price whipsawed around its 200-day MA before turning lower in 2016 and in '18 we saw a strong V-bottom with the 200-day breaking on the first test. Currently we are about 5% from the 200-day MA.

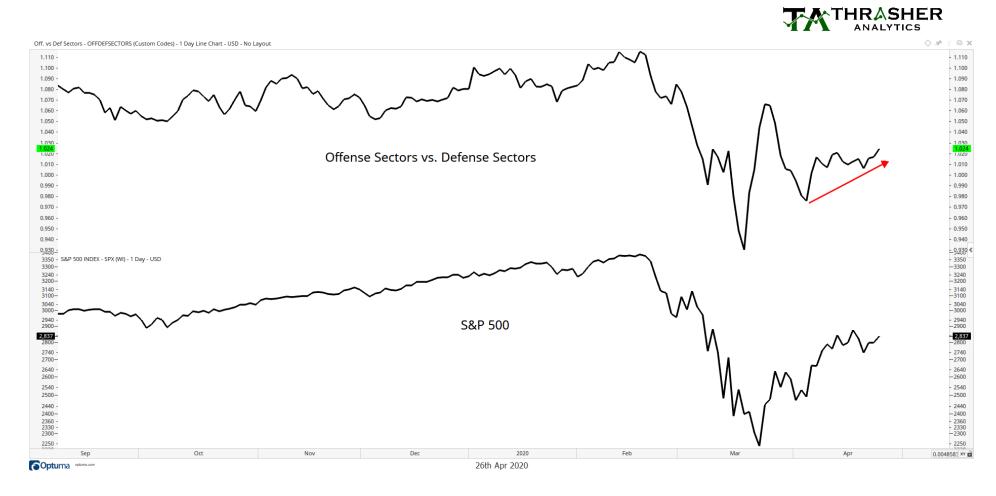






Here we have the same study as the prior page but from 1998 through 2003. Notice the initial move off the '98 low saw improvement of breadth as well as twice before the final low during the dot-com bear market - each unable to break the 200-day MA. I've said this several times in prior letters, that the 200-day MA is going to be a critical level for SPX to clear in order to confirm the improvements that have been made in market internals.





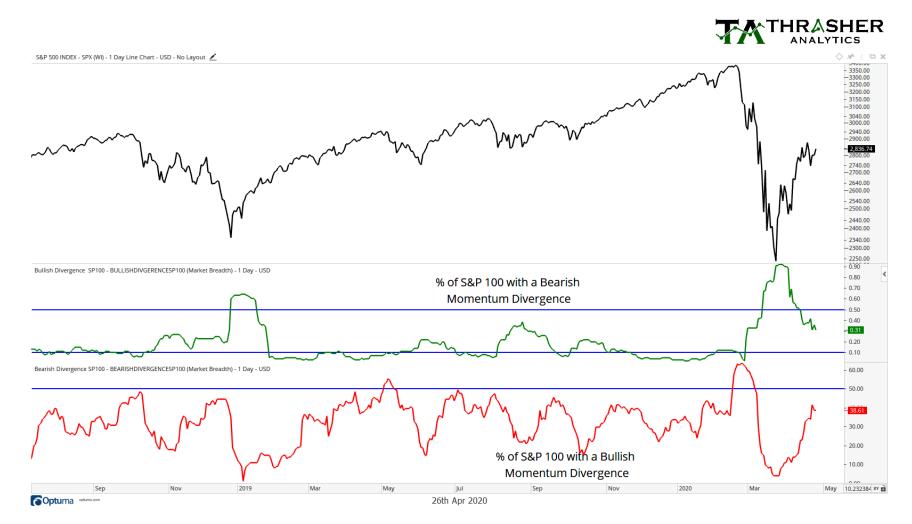
From a sector leadership, we saw good improvement over the last two weeks.





With the move up in equity prices on Friday the 10-day average of S&P 500 advances-declines went negative. You'd expect if stocks were rising then you'd have more advances than declines, but we didn't finish in such a position unfortunately. Going back to 2000, I've plotted red arrows on previous occurrences we've seen the 10-day average of the A-D go negative when the S&P 500 was under its 200-day moving average but finishing above its 50-day MA. As you can see, this is a regular development during the 2000 and 2008 bear markets and also happened at the counter-trend peak in 2015. But also note it occurred just after the 2002 and 2009 lows as well, with the S&P cutting right through its 200-day MA soon after. Another reason, the 200-MA is an important level to watch.





While we often look at momentum divergences on indices on their own, I've developed a breadth tool that looks at the percentage of stocks within indices and sectors that are showing bearish or bullish divergences. This can be useful data, when more than half to the underlying index (or sector) has a bearish or bullish divergence we often see a trend change develop. Above is an example showing the % for S&P 100 stocks, notice more than 60% had a bearish momentum divergence coming into the peak in the S&P 500 and almost 90% had a bullish divergence just before the March bottom.

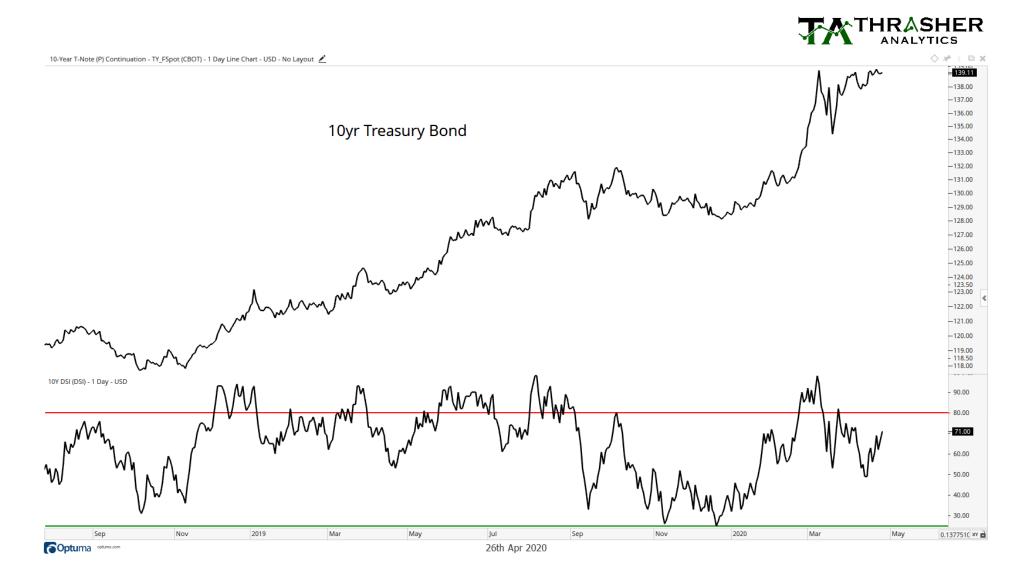
You'll be seeing more of these types of charts be included in the letter.



1 Day - Watch List - No Layout			$\bigcirc \blacksquare \diamondsuit * : \Box *$	🖓 🖷 🔷 🥓 🕴 🗖 🗶 🔰 1 Day - Watch List - No Layout				이 🖷 🔷 🖈	
	Market	% Bullish 🔺	5MA	History 🖽		Code	% Bullish 🔺	5MA	History 🖽
	Mexican Peso DSI	12	19.6			Cotton DSI	42.00	39.60	
	Heating Oil DSI	13				SPX DSI	45.00	43.60	
	Cocoa DSI		21.2			New Zealand Dollar DSI	46.00	43.80	
	Swiss Franc DSI	18	21.4			British Pound DSI	49.00	45.60	
	Sugar DSI	21	23.6			Nasdaq DSI	51.00	49.40	
	Cattle DSI	21	24			VIX DSI	52.00	56.00	
	Gasoline DSI	22	18.2			Platinum DSI	53.00	48.20	
	Corn DSI	22	17.4			Silver DSI	55.00	49.40	
	Natural Gas DSI	25	29.60			Copper DSI	58.00	51.60	
	Lumber DSI	25	32.20			Australian Dollar DSI	58.00	53.00	
	Lean Hog DSI	25	19.4			Wheat DSI	61.00	61.80	
	Euro DSI	25	28.20			Nikkei DSI	64.00	56.60	
	Crude Oil DSI	28.00	16			5YR DSI	65.00	64.20	
	Coffee DSI	28.00	31.40			10Y DSI	71.00	65.80	
	CRB Index DSI	30.00	18			US Dollar DSI	73.00	71.20	
	Palladium DSI	33.00	34.80			EuroDollar DSI	75.00	73.00	
	Orange Juice DSI	40.00	33.80	unerstand and a sublicity of the second seco		Gold DSI	78.00	69.80	

Above is the DSI score for each of the futures markets.







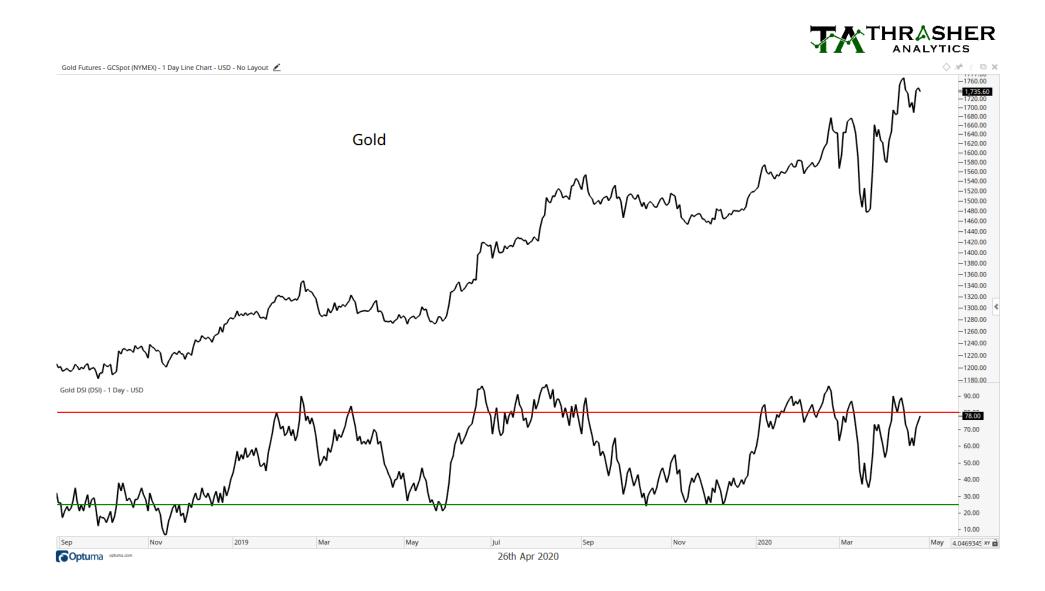


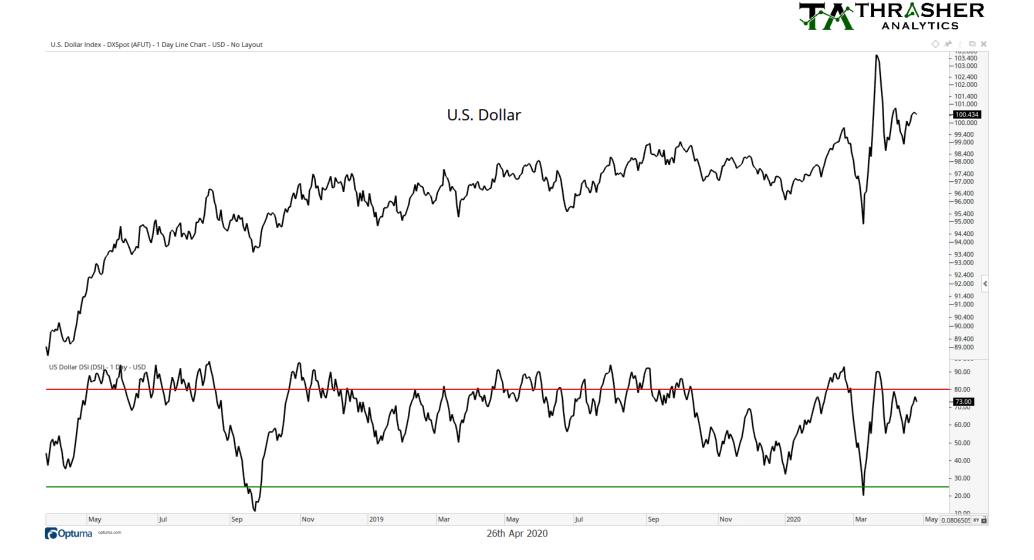




DAILY SENTIMENT INDEX GOLD



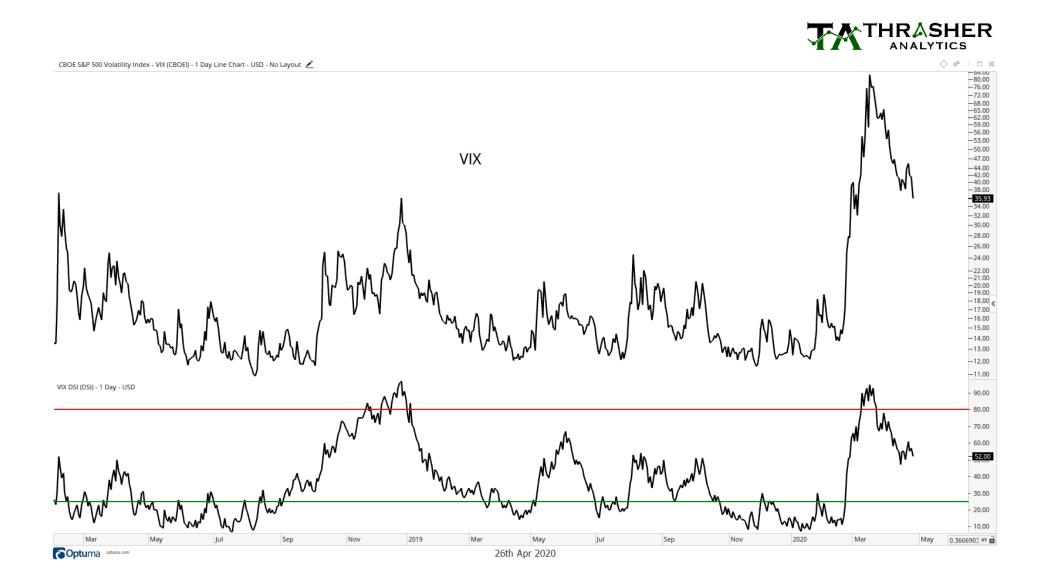




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DAILY SENTIMENT INDEX VIX





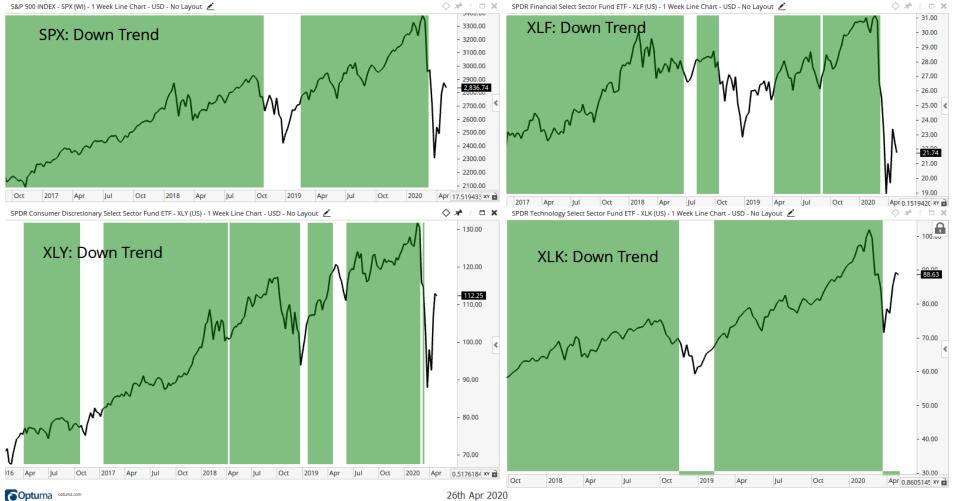












XLV: Down Trend

SPDR Health Care Select Sector Fund ETF - XLV (US) - 1 Week Line Chart - USD - No Layout 💉













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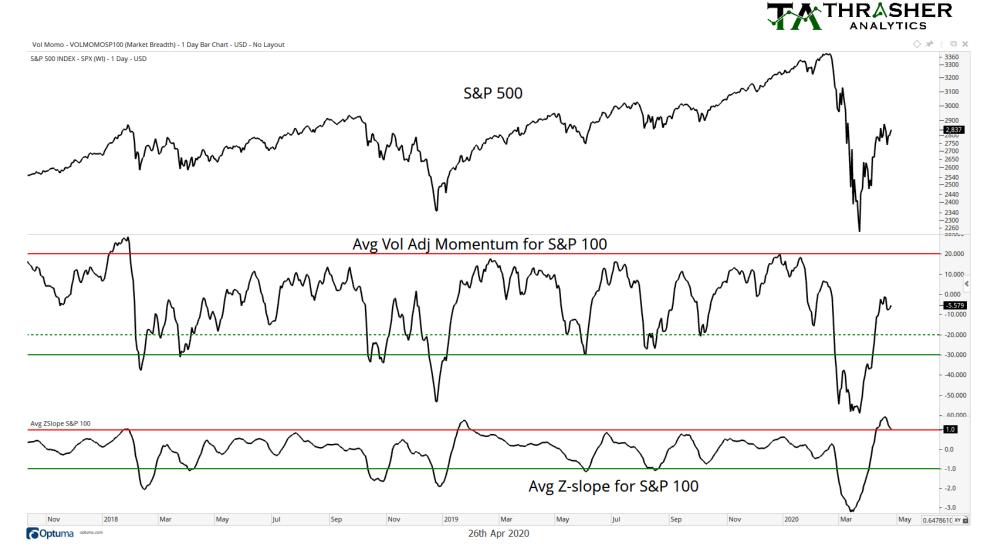
The following charts will become a regular installment for this, and future letters. Each page will include a daily and weekly chart with two indicators that are unique to Thrasher Analytics. With a focus on risk mitigation, the focus of these charts is on potential mean-reversion of each asset through the analysis of the two indicators described below.

Volatility-Adjusted Momentum (VaM: This is a spin on the traditional measures of momentum, taking into account the volatility of the underlying asset into the calculation. By adjusting for volatility we can get a better look at potential mean-reversion signals when risk/ reward becomes unbalanced towards 40 as 'overbought' or -40 as 'oversold.'

Z-Slope: This indicator takes two lookback periods, one long and one short, for calculating the slope and evaluates the z-score of the difference. This provides insight into whether the current slope of the trend fits within the long-term price history of the security. If a z-score breaks above 2, then the slope has gotten to upward sloping compared to its history. And the opposite is true when we get readings below -2, that the downward sloping trend has gotten 'oversold' compared to the asset's price history.

AVERAGE VAM AND Z-SLOPE SCORES

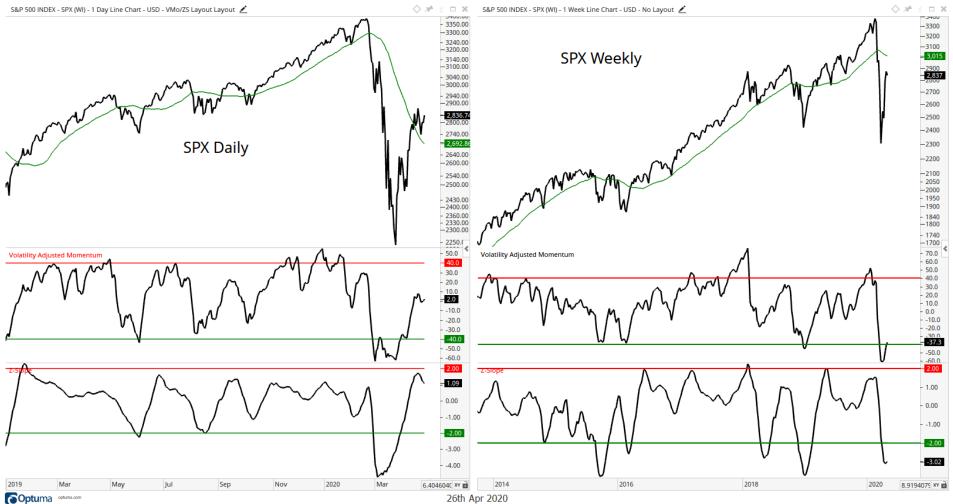




Above are the average Volatility Adjusted Momentum Indicator (VaM) and Z-slope scores for the S&P 100.

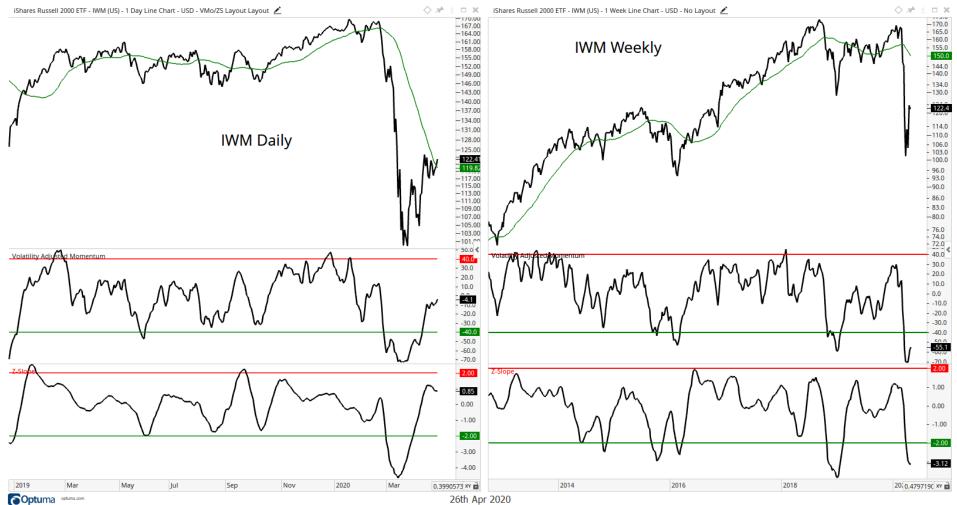












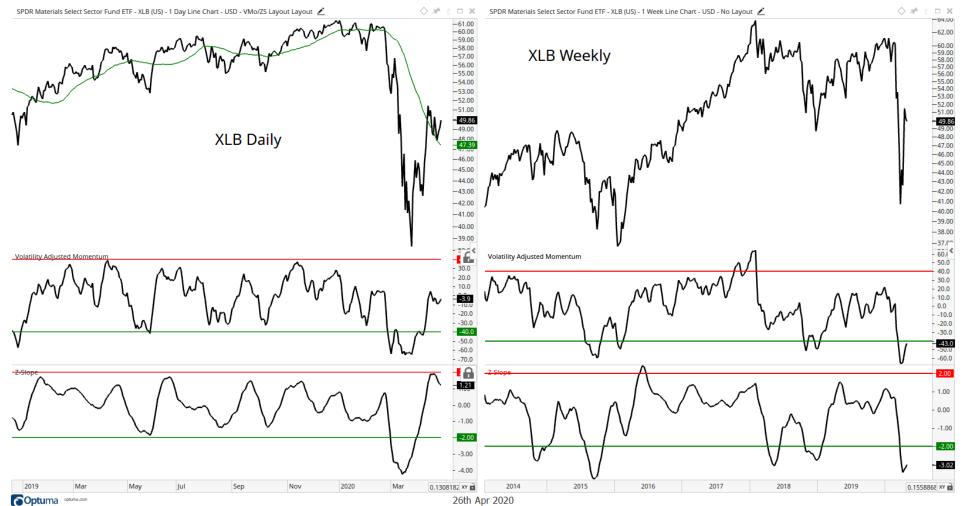






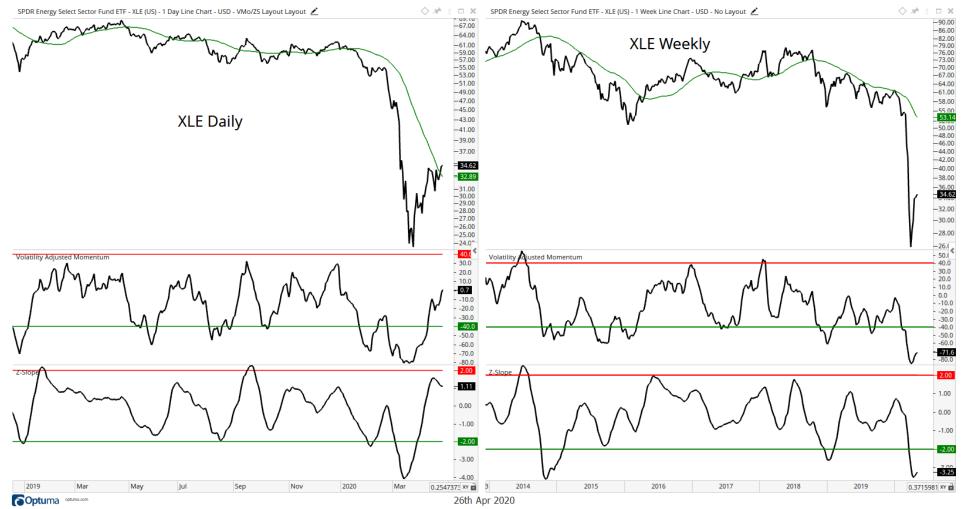






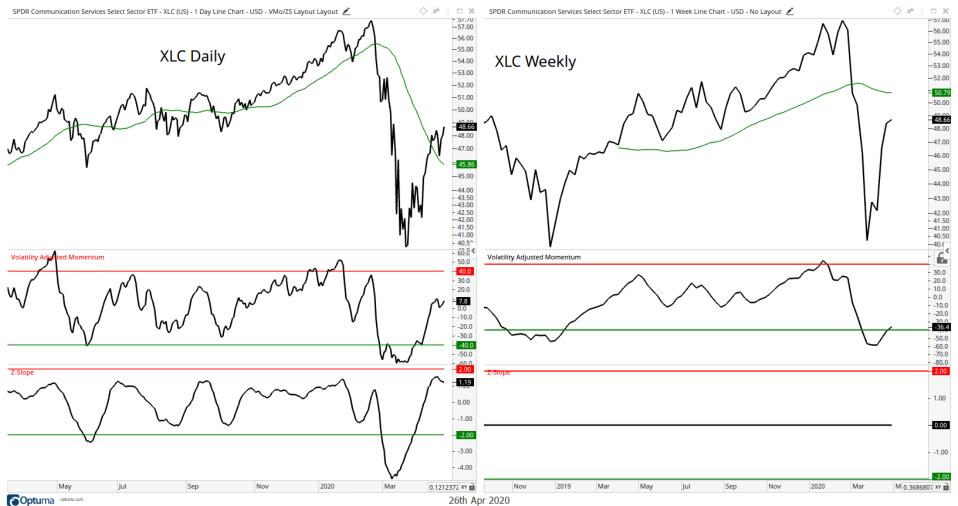






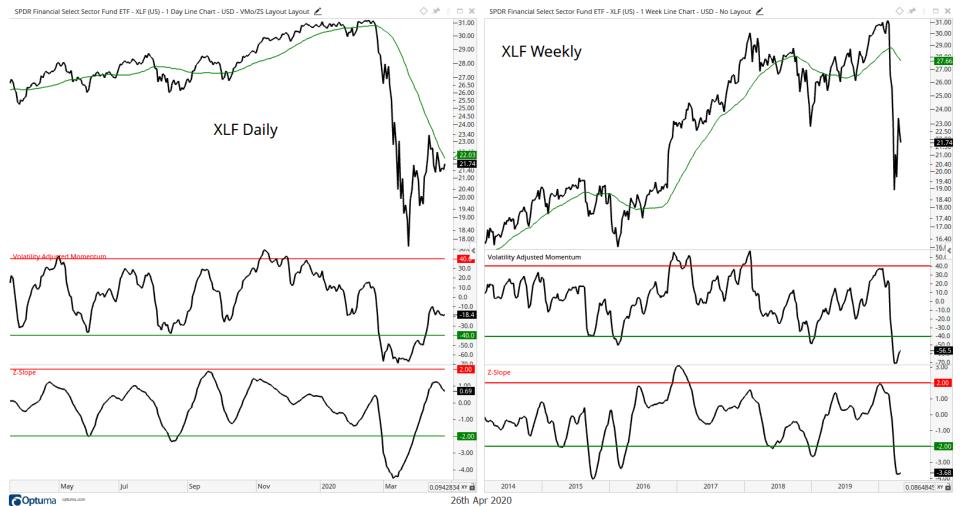












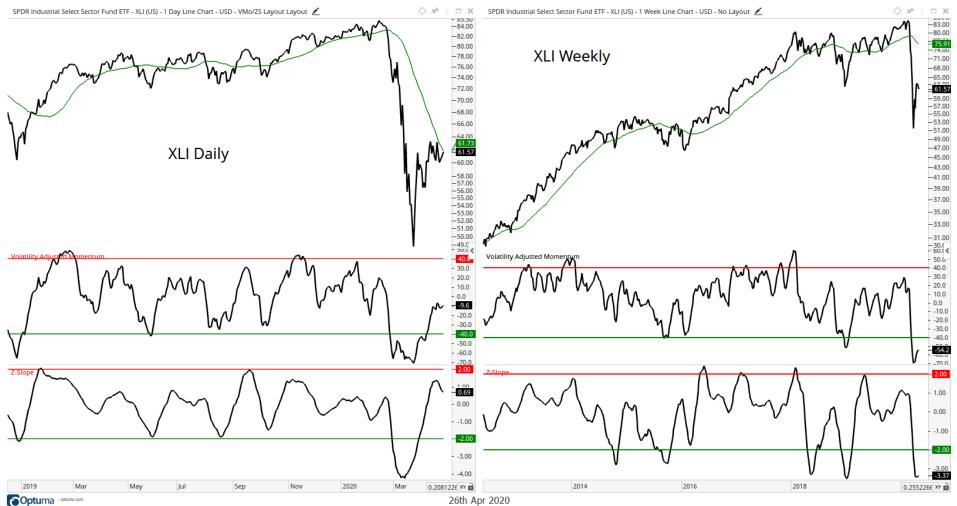






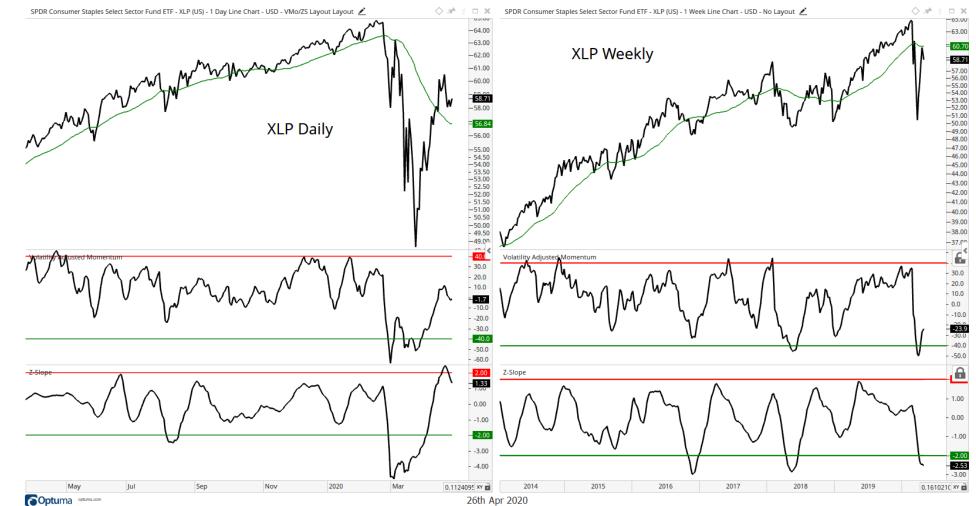




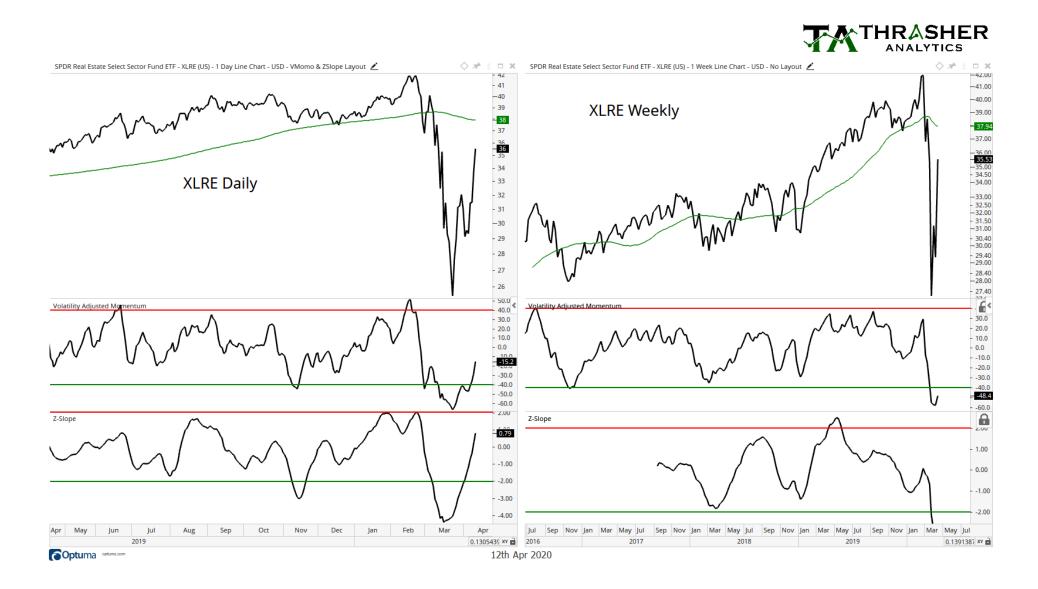








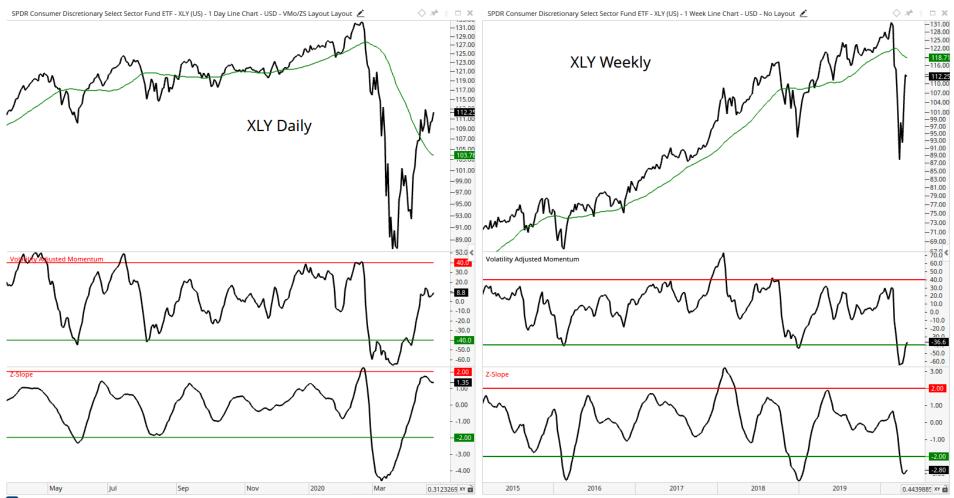












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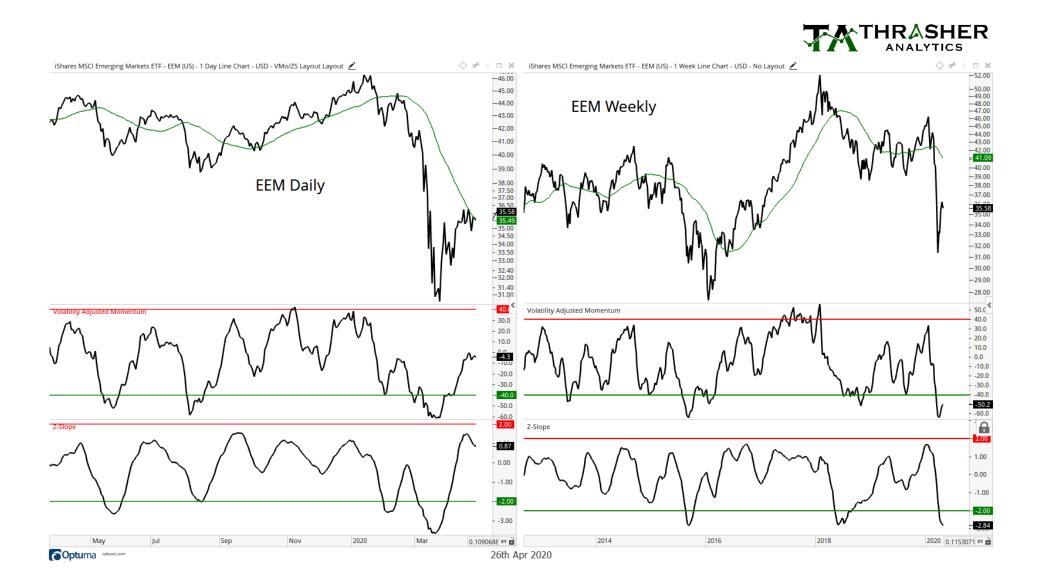






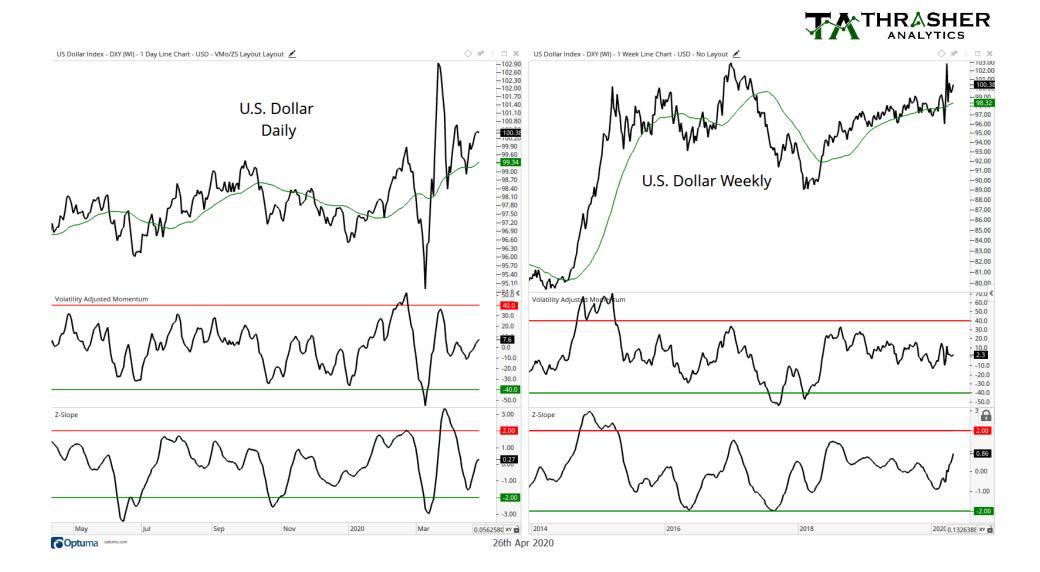






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- -3.00

26th Apr 2020

2014

2016

2018

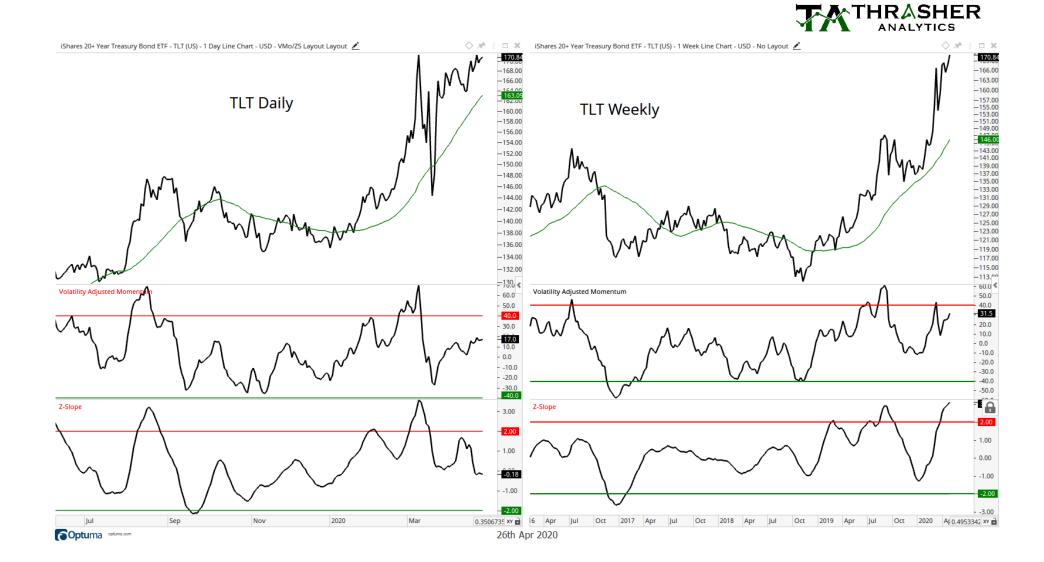
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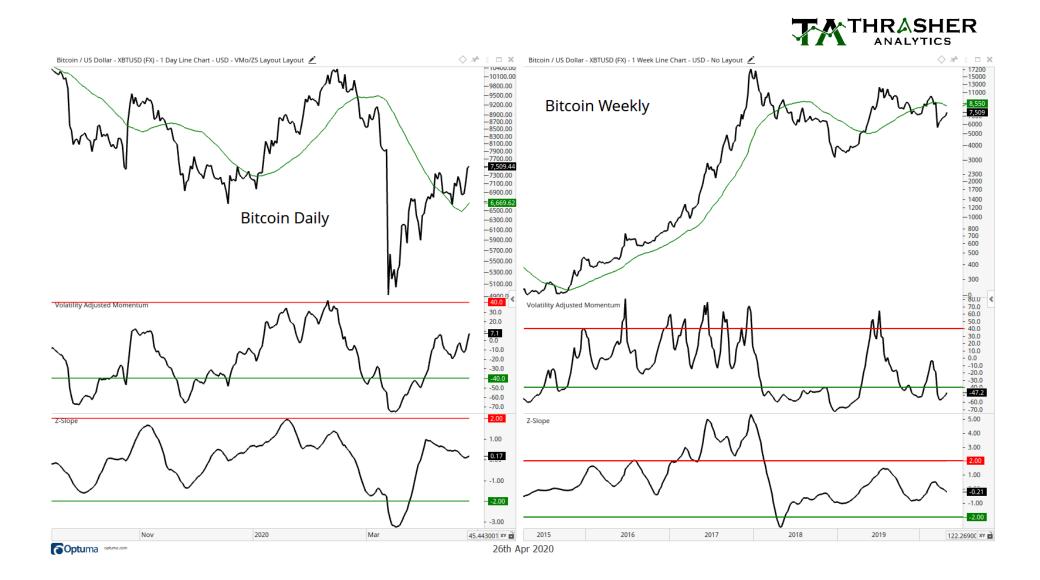
2020













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L rend-based analysis is a process built on the idea of enduring minor pullbacks in the anticipating of avoiding protracted drawdowns in financial markets. With a focus on stepping out of the market during large down trends, the Thrasher Analytics Adaptive Trend Model (TAATM) pursues to minimize the "whipsaws" of signals during highly volatile periods of market activity. To accomplish this, TAATM incorporates multiple look-back time periods and incorporates volatility gauges in its evaluation of the equity market's overall trend.

Thrasher Analytics analysis concludes the market's trend is led by the resulting trend of its individual stocks. This means, if the majority of stocks are trending in one direction, then the broad index will be persuaded to follow that trend as well. By incorporating the individual stock trends, volatility, and multiple time periods, the TAATM provides a data-focused look at the overall trend of the U.S. equity market.

ADAPTIVE TREND MODEL

2004

2006

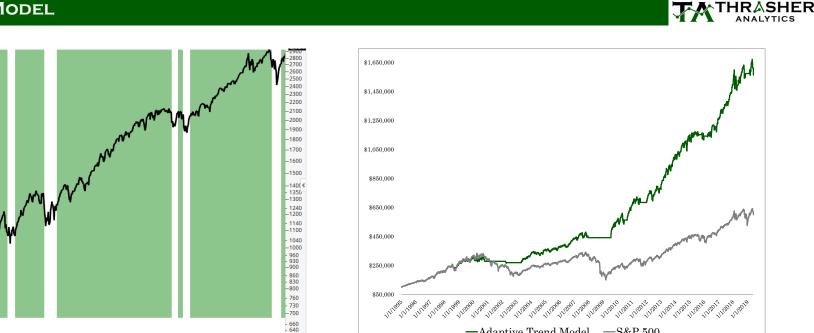
2008

2010

2012

2014

2016



-Adaptive Trend Model -S&P 500

	Annualized Return	Annualized Volatility	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Maximum Drawdown
Adaptive Trend	12.5%	10.3%	0.47	0.97	14.1%
S&P 500	8.9%	15.3%	1	0.42	56.6%

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2018

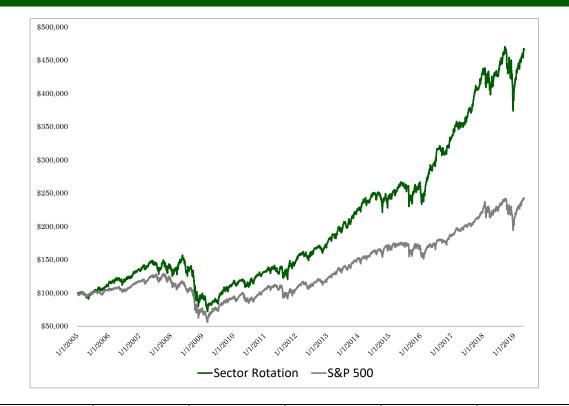
Provided charts, data, and descriptions are a result of a back test using historical market data. No representation is being made that the use of this strategy or any system or data will generate profits. The results do not represent actual results and actual results may significantly differ from the theoretical returns being presented.



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▲ hrasher Analytics holds the belief, resulted from an in-depth examination of the performance of the primary S&P sectors, that they historically cycle through periods of strength and weakness. In order to move towards capturing the alpha from this rotation, a mean-reversion model is deployed with a monthly rebalance of the lowest scoring sectors. Using proprietary methods of systematic technical analysis, Thrasher Analytics sector rotation model focuses on equity sectors that are most heavily showing signs of volatility and trend exhaustion and likely to be exposed to a positive shift in investor sentiment. By pairing this mean reversion approach towards sectors with the Adaptive Trend Model for the broad index, a layer of risk management can be achieved through strategy diversification.





	Annualized Return	Annualized Volatility	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Maximum Drawdown
Sector Rotation	12.7%	15.9%	0.96	0.64	53.9%
S&P 500	7.5%	14.8%	1	0.34	56.6%

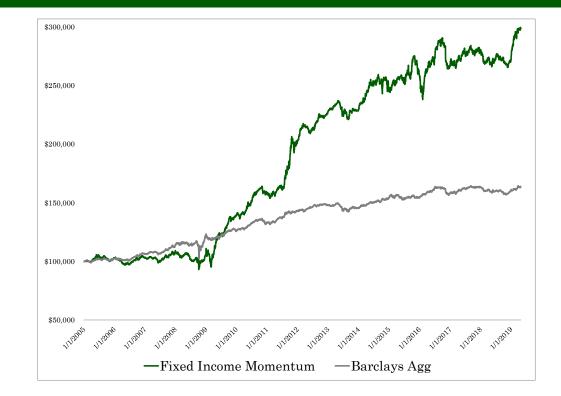
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L f equities are the speedboats in the sea of financial markets then fixed income securities are the tanker ships. While stocks can move violently in both directions, Thrasher Analytics research has shown that fixed income markets historically show consistent trends. Because of the tanker-like movements displayed by bonds, a quarterly rebalance method is used for the Thrasher Analytics Fixed Income Momentum Model, with a pursuit focusing on the strongest performing corners of the fixed income market. By evaluating the risk adjusted momentum of both longand short-term momentum, the Fixed Income Momentum Model also incorporates a proprietary indicator that acts as a throttle of the momentum score of each fixed income ETF. This indicator penalizes those ETFs that have moved too high and too fast in short-term trading while still allowing overall positive momentum to be the guiding principle of the model.

FIXED INCOME MOMENTUM





	Annualized Return	Annualized Volatility	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Maximum Drawdown
Fixed Income	8.3%	8.2%	1.04	0.7	14.9%
Momentum					
Barclays Agg	3.6%	3.7%	1	0.29	11.0%

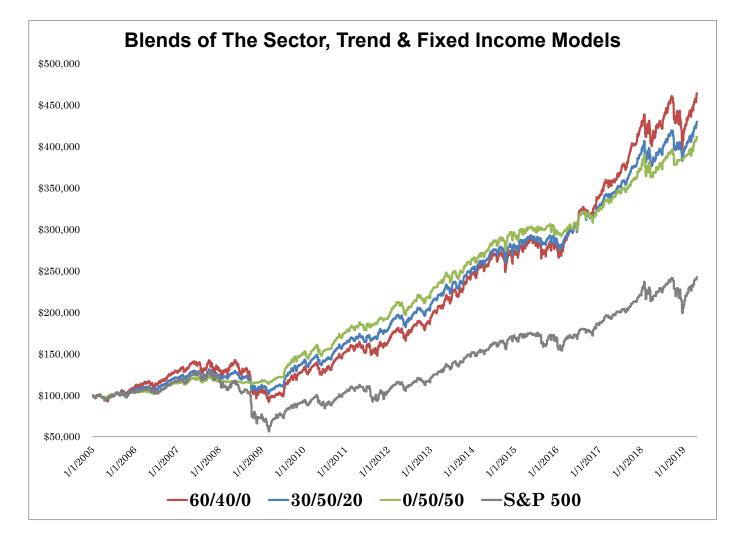
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▲ he concept of diversification is not new to financial markets. While many market participants focus on the diversification of the underlying holdings. This procedure is can be vastly skewed during periods of high market turmoil, in which correlations across asset classes tend to historically rise. Thrasher Analytics believes in diversifying in strategy styles. By using multiple investment philosophies, specifically trend following, mean-reversion, and momentum, a blended model is created that has the ability to adapt to changing market environments and volatility. For example, when equity markets show a strong trend preference, the adaptive S&P 500 trend following component benefits but if there's a shift favoring a range-bound market the sector rotation strategy based on mean-reversion should provide favorable performance.





The above chart shows examples of blending the sector, trend, and fixed income models . Ranging from an all equity approach of 60% in sector rotation, 40% trend and 0% in fixed income; 30% in sector rotation, 50% in trend, and 20% in fixed income; 0% in sector rotation, 50% in trend, and 50% in fixed income.

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Trend (weekly)	Sector Rotation (monthly)	Fixed Income Momentum (quarterly)
Negative	XLV XLK XLP	PCY CWB

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